

Resilient nations.

Implementation of LEDS and NDCs at Local & Regional Level

#### **Current Engagement in EaP Countries & Entry Points**

13 June 2023, Zoom Webinar

By Elisabeth Kampel (Consultant to the EU4Climate project)





- 1. Vertical Mainstreaming
- 2. Local action: Challenges & Opportunities
- 3. Current status of engagement
- 4. Entry points for implementing NDC/LEDS on local level

#### **Vertical Mainstreaming**





#### **Cities as Key Action Area**

- More than 50% of population lives in Cities
- This number is increasing!!

- 60% of emissions are "urban"
- 80% of energy is consumed in cities
- 2% is urban landface



Source: UNDP, Climate Action from the Ground Up, Supporting Cities and Local and Regional Governments to Achieve the Paris Agreement 2022



# **Challenges for local action**



- Communication of national objectives
- Engagement of regions and communities
- Establish coordination mechanism
- Development of Locally tailored approaches
- Lack of awareness about financing options
- Development of bankable projects
- Data collection and monitoring
- Insufficient administrative capacity and technical knowledge
- Regulatory constraints
- Get the citizens on board

## **Opportunities for local action**



- Replicable solutions
- Adress vulnerable groups
- Increased awareness and interest of civil society (local leadership)
- Increased energy, food and water security
- Food and water security
- Mitigation AND adaptation through nature based solutions
- Boost for local economies
- Private sector engagement
- Citizen's well being & community life
- Down to earth actions

### Local Action supports SDGs



UN DP

#### Current status of engagement



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Covenant of Mayors



#### **Global Climate Action Portal**



#### Infrastructure Projects and Investments



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#### Number of projects

#### 6000 5000 4000 3000 2000 1000 0 Arne<sup>nia</sup> Are<sup>toailan</sup> Geor<sup>bia</sup> No<sup>tova</sup> UKraine Transport Infrastructure Buildings Other

#### Infrastructure Investments 2015-2021

# Implementing NDC/LEDS on local level



- LEDS as the overarching ambition are the framework for NDCs
- NDC formulate targets, and do mostly not specify concrete implementation actions
  - Formulation of sectoral objectives and (quantified) targets
- Implementation roadmaps are key:
  - Who needs to do what and by when? National Climate Action Plan
  - What can regions/municipalities deliver?
  - Which regions are specifically vulnerable?
  - Where are the low-hanging fruits? (effective & efficient measures)
- Not only mitigation but also ADAPTATION

# Entry Points for energy and heat production





- Dezentralised renewable energy generation (windpower, PV, biogas, heat pumps, biomass, ...)
- Energy infrastructure: power stations, smart grids, connection
- Energy communities (Prosumer concept)
- District heating and cooling networks
- Exchange of residential fossil fuel based heating systems
- Prevent fugitive emissions (natural gas leakages)
- Energy storage facilities
- Electrification
- Climate resilient energy infrastructure

# **Entry Points for energy consumption**



- Energy Certificates for Buildings
- Insulation of old buildings (roofs, windows, walls)
- Natural shading concepts (nature-based solutions)
- Regulations for new buildings
- Digitalisation (smart metering)
- Electrification
- Street lightening
- Sector coupling

# **Entry Points for transport sector**



- Attractive emission-free public transport
- Electrification
- Parking restrictions or taxing
- City taxes
- Shared mobility concepts
- Safe pedestrian and cycling paths
- Urban planning for people and not for cars
- Digitalisation

# **Entry Points for agriculture sector**



- Nature based solutions: no tillage, crop rotation, organic farming
- Adapted plant species
- Climate smart irrigation systems, renaturation of rivers
- Local food markets
- Local Cooperatives for food processing, shared machinery
- New technologies, e.g aquaponic systems
- Manure management and biogas use
- Agro-tourism
- Agro-forestry
- Maintain rural areas and landscapes

# Entry Points for forestry and land use



- Restoration of ecosystems
- Reforestation
- Sustainable forest management
- Eco-system based solutions
- Conservation of areas
- Sustainable spatial planning, reduce urban sprawl
- Biodiversity projects
- Prevention of forest fires

# **Entry Points for waste management**



- Sanitation of landfills / illegal dumping sites
- Landfill gas collection systems
- Waste water collection systems
- Separate waste collection systems
- Biological waste treatment
- Waste to energy projects
- Circular economy projects (e.g. repair projects)

# **Entry Points for adaptation**



- Vulnerability assessment
- Disaster risk management (e.g. floods, droughts)
- Early warning systems
- Emergency plans
- Climate resilient infrastructure (energy, transport, water, ...)
- Climate resilient health infrastructure
- Monitoring systems for e.g. diseases, invasive species, biodiversity
- Use of adapted species

# Why do we need local engagement?



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Main objective may not be the climate, but other economic, social or environmental problems!

It empowers citizens and supports their well-being.

Thinking and acting at a local level helps communities fight climate change, build resilience to climate impacts, and provide opportunities for the local economies.

> Communities can build of powerful local alliances with businesses, NGO, people, educational institutions, etc.



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#### Thank you for your attention!

For further information, please contact: Elisabeth Kampel Email: e.kampel@klarfakt.com www.klarfakt.com

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**Recommendations for Vertical Integration of Climate Action** 

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#### **Different Scales of Action**



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**Figure 1:** The relative advantages of different scales of climate action (darker shades/greater size indicate strength)



Source: Tiratelli, Studdert, Morgan: Communities versus climate change, The power of local action, New Local, 2021

#### Recommendations: national level (1/3)



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Multi-level communication and collaboration

- Translate and communicate global and national goals
- Align national and subnational climate policies, strategies and investment
- Governance system Climate Change Council
- Enable whole-of-society and whole-of-government approach
- Develop implementation roadmaps and action plans
- Identify priority areas for local climate action
- Establish coordination platform
- Engage with international funding institutions
- Appoint a "vertical" climate cooperation officer

#### **National Action Plan**



- What are the policies and measures?
- Who is responsible for its implementation?
- What are the implementation steps and timeframe?
- What are the costs and how will it be financed?
- At what level will it be implemented?
- What are the benefits?
- How is progress being tracked?
- What does it mean for Municipalities?
- How can or should they contribute to achieve national targets?

#### Recommendations: national level (2/3)



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#### Provide technical assistance and capacity building

- Establish Climate Change Cooperation Platform
- Engage scientific bodies/technical experts
- Establish a roster of national experts and businesses
- Capacity building in accessing funds and developing bankable projects
- Inform about available national and international funding sources
- Showcase good practise examples (e.g. with Awards)
- Support networking across communities

#### Recommendations: national level (3/3)



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#### Monitoring-reporting-verification

- Make environmental and other data publicly available
- Provide Data Management Systems tools, templates, sharepoints
- Support collection of data at local level
- Establish common reporting framework
- Include local plans and progress in national planning/documentation
- Ensure that local actions is a key component in NDCs

### Recommendations: Local Level (1/3)



- Know the local strengths and weaknesses
  - Carry out a risk & vulnerability assessment
  - Identify key emission sources (e.g. heating, transport, ...)
  - Other economic, social or environmental challenges?
- Ensure coherence in policies
  - Engage in communication with national bodies
  - Embed the local action in the national strategies
  - Mainstreaming of policies
- Engage the local stakeholders
  - Citizens
  - educational institutions
  - Private sector, businesses
  - NGOs, ...



Source: https://eu-mayors.ec.europa.eu/en/about

#### Recommendations: Local Level (3/3)



- Get the citizens on board, listen to their needs
- Allow for participatory and inclusive approaches
- Raise awareness and inform about climate change, its impacts and ways to fight it
- Integrate vulnerable groups (children, minority groups, elderly, ...) and enable gender equality
- Address multiple benefits, e.g. reduced air pollution, energy security, ...
- Seek the assistance from (local) experts
- Strengthen community life & well-being
- Look for sustainable, multi-beneficial, climate-smart, replicable and scalable solutions

#### **Joint Action**



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Combine bottom-up and top-down efforts!



Every part makes a difference!



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